The Constitution for the Student Body of Henry M. Jackson High School

REVISED JUNE 2007

Preamble

We, the students of Henry M. Jackson High School, in order to promote equal rights for all students, to provide a structure for the Associated Student Body government, to ensure respect between students, teachers, faculty, and the community, and to serve as a mediator for the student body, establish this Constitution for the students of Henry M. Jackson High School.

Article I: Name

Section 1: The name of this school shall be Henry M. Jackson High School and the organization that shall govern over the student body shall be here and after referred to as the ASB of Henry M. Jackson High School.

Article II: School’s Identity

Section 1: Henry M. Jackson’s school colors shall be forest green, white, and black and the mascot shall be the Timberwolf.

Article III: Membership

Section 1: This Constitution applies to all registered students of Henry M. Jackson High School.

Section 2: All officers, representatives, and members of an ASB sponsored organization must hold a valid ASB card.

Section 3: Any registered Jackson student with a valid ASB card is an ASB member.

Article IV: Student’s Rights

Section 1: Every student has the right to be respected and treated fairly by all staff and students, regardless of age, gender, nationality, religion, appearance, or personal views.
Section 2: All students have the right to express their opinions about the student government orally or in written form, as long as it conforms to the rules and regulations of Henry M. Jackson High School, and the Everett School District.

Section 3: Any student has the right to participate in any election as long as he/she abides by the ASB Constitution and election rules.

Section 4a: If a group of ASB members feel they are not being fairly represented by the student government, they may appoint an individual to represent them in the Congress as a member of the Senate. Prior to the appointment of this representative, the following steps must be completed: 1) the group must obtain 75 signatures on an official petition. 2) The group must submit this petition along with probable cause in written form as to why they would need to be represented. 3) The group must submit the name of the individual they wish to represent them. Both houses of the Congress (at each houses’ respective meetings) will vote and if a majority of 50% + 1 approve, then this group will be represented in the Congress and will attend Senate meetings and vote as a member of the Senate.

Section 4b: No student may sign a petition twice. No teacher may sign a petition. All petitions must be submitted to the ASB Executive Cabinet. A student may not sign a petition for two opposing candidates or issues.

Section 5: If any student wishes to have an issue brought up at a Congress meeting, he/she must submit the issue to the President before the agenda is created. They may be present to help promote their issue to the Congress. The Senate would first hear the issue, as according to the ASB meeting structure. (See Article VI, VII, and XI).

Section 6: A student body member who has requested to be put on the agenda may present his/her proposal during new business. A proposal must be passed by a majority of 50% + 1 vote of the Senate and Executive Board, and then be passed by a majority 50% + 1 vote in the House.

Article V: Executive Cabinet

Section 1: The Executive Cabinet is made up of the Executive Board and the Class officers. Each class will elect a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Activities Coordinator. Each member of the Executive Cabinet, including class officers, is to be enrolled in the ASB Leadership Class. The Freshmen class officers are not required to enroll in the ASB Leadership Class.
Section 2: The Executive Cabinet members agree to meet once a month at general ASB meetings during Pack Time/SSR. (*Section 2 is voided by Amendments to Article XI*).

Section 3: The Executive Board consists of elected officials voted on by the entire student body. These officers include the ASB President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, Activities Coordinator, and two (2) Interhigh Representatives. The Executive Board members agree to attend the Cispus Leadership Conference during the summer. Should an officer resign or be impeached, the charge of the Leadership Camp will be assessed the individual leaving the position.

Section 4: The Executive Board has the final vote on a bill of subject. The only person(s) that has the authority over the Executive Board will be the Principal or his/her designee, and the Activities Director or his/her designee.

**Article VI: Congress**

Section 1: The Congress shall be made up of ten (10) members from each class, one (1) leadership representative from each leadership class, and a representative from each Pack Time/SSR class. The leadership representatives are not voting members of the Congress.

Section 2: The Congress members who are appointed by Class officers are required to submit a Congress Petition to the ASB Advisor.

**Article VII: How A Bill Becomes Final**

Section 1: A 50% + 1 majority vote by the Executive Cabinet and both houses of Congress is necessary for a bill to be finalized.

Section 2a: All new bills originate in the Senate. New clubs are also first presented to the Senate. When voting to approve any motion, a 50% + 1 majority is needed.

Section 2b: If a motion is approved by the Senate, it is not yet final. Approval by the Senate only allows for that bill to be presented to and voted on by the House of Representatives.
Section 3a: The House is where all bills and clubs are finalized. For a bill to be on the agenda for voting at the monthly House meeting is must have first been approved by the Senate. New bills are not introduced in the House. House members can attend Senate meetings and present a motion. However, they cannot vote in Senate meetings and House members cannot second a motion in the Senate.

Section 3b: If a motion is made (and seconded) to approve the motion, the House votes. If the motion is successfully approved, the bill (or motion) is finalized. If it is struck down in the House, the bill (or motion) fails. All attempts to re-present the bill with changes must start in the Senate.

Section 3c: When the House votes to approve any motion, a 50% + 1 majority is needed.

Section 4: A bill will not pass if the number of abstentions could sway the vote either way. Should the number of abstentions exceed too many, the motion will be revisited.

Article VIII: Officers and Their Duties

Executive Board

Section 1a: ASB President
The duties of the ASB President are as follows: to preside over the Executive Board, Executive Cabinet, the Senate, and the House of Representatives; to report the status of the meetings to the Principal; to report the status of main issues to the associated student body; to be, along with the Vice President, a reference on the Henry M. Jackson Constitution; and he/she also creates and distributes the Agenda prior to each Senate and House meeting. He/she has the deciding vote in both Senate and House meetings when there is not a 50% + 1 majority. If there is no tie in voting, the President does not vote, (except in ASB Executive Board meetings). He/she is also in charge of creating and distributing agendas for House and Senate meetings. He/she also agrees to attend both Senate and House meetings.
Section 1b: ASB Vice President
The duties of the ASB Vice President are as follows: he/she should be prepared to assume the duties of President at any time; he/she can vote at any of the Executive Board or Senate meetings; he/she is the authority on the Henry M. Jackson Constitution, and along with the President should serve as a reference to it; he/she keeps an accurate record of all minutes and reports from meetings; he/she is the ambassador between the Senate and House and will report and present all motions passed in the Senate to the House; he/she is in charge of the revision process of the Constitution; he/she is in charge of the oversight of all ASB recognized clubs; and he/she also preserves all records and passes them down for future preservation. He/she also agrees to attend both Senate and House meetings.

Section 1c: ASB Secretary
The duties of the ASB Secretary are as follows: to keep minutes at all meetings of the Senate, House, Executive Cabinet and Executive Board. At the beginning of each meeting the Secretary will read the minutes from the previous meeting. The Secretary will distribute a typed copy of the minutes to the officers at least three (3) days after the meeting. He/she must keep attendance records at meetings and include it in the minutes. The ASB Secretary, along with the Treasurer and Activities Coordinator, is responsible for compiling and distributing written Class Reports, Activities Reports, and Treasurer’s Reports at each House of Representatives. He/she also agrees to attend both Senate and House meetings.

Section 1d: ASB Treasurer
The duties of the ASB Treasurer are as follows: has a working knowledge of the financial position of the Executive Board, Executive Cabinet, and both houses of Congress; he/she understands school and district policies regarding the use of school funds; he/she makes sure that all projects and activities are cost efficient. The ASB Treasurer advises on the availability of funds for activities. He/she will report the financial status of the ASB account at the beginning of each Senate and/or House meeting and will give a typed copy of the Treasurer’s report to the ASB Secretary. The ASB Treasurer will work closely with the ASB Activities Coordinator and Activities Director. The ASB Treasurer, along with the Secretary and Activities Coordinator, is responsible for compiling and distributing written Class Reports, Activities Reports, and Treasurer’s Reports at each House of Representatives. He/she also agrees to attend both Senate and House meetings.
Section 1e: ASB Activities Coordinator
The duties of the ASB Activities Coordinator are as follows: he/she is in charge of planning and coordinating activities; he/she works with the ASB Treasurer planning fundraisers; works closely with the Activities Director to carry out the schedule of Activities on the ASB calendar. The ASB Activities Coordinator, along with the Treasurer and Secretary, is responsible for compiling and distributing written Class Reports, Activities Reports, and Treasurer’s Reports at each House of Representatives. He/she also agrees to attend both Senate and House meetings.

Section 1g: ASB Interhigh Representatives (2)
The duties of the ASB Interhigh Representatives are as follows: to represent Jackson High School at monthly WESCO Interhigh meetings; he/she must report to the ASB Executive Board, Cabinet, and both Houses of Congress on WESCO Interhigh news and be actively involved in the activities of the WESCO Interhigh. He/she is also in charge of planning, coordinating, and executing the state required Student-to-Student effort. (Student-to-Student’s purpose is to help ensure that entering freshman know what standards the state requires them to meet in order to graduate). He/she also agrees to attend both Senate and House meetings.

Executive Cabinet-Class Officers

Section 2a: Class President
The duties of the Class President are as follows: to speak on behalf of the Class at ASB Senate meetings and to chair Class meetings. He/she agrees to attend ASB Senate meetings every Wednesday morning. He/she is also jointly responsible for working with their Class Secretary to provide written class reports to the ASB Executive Board before every monthly House of Representative meeting.

Section 2b: Class Vice President
The duties of the Class Vice President are as follows: to represent the Class at ASB Senate meetings and to be prepared to take over for the President in an emergency or in his/her absence. He/she agrees to attend ASB Senate meetings every Wednesday morning.
Section 2c: Class Secretary
The duties of the Class Secretary are as follows: to take minutes at all Class meetings; to read the minutes from the previous meeting; to keep an accurate record of past minutes; to give the ASB Secretary a copy of the minutes by the following ASB Senate meeting; to include any pertinent information in the class report at the ASB Senate meetings or in the written House class reports; and to keep accurate attendance record. Attendance must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting. This attendance is then given to the ASB Secretary. He/she is also jointly responsible for working with their Class President to provide written class reports to the ASB Executive Board before every monthly House of Representative meeting. He/she agrees to attend ASB Senate meetings every Wednesday morning.

Section 2d: Class Treasurer
The duties of the Class Treasurer are as follows: to know the financial position of the Class; to work with the Activities Coordinator in planning fundraisers; to make sure that all projected activities are cost efficient; to know and understand school and district policy regarding the use of school funds and to provide a Treasurer’s Report to the ASB Treasurer no later than one school day after a Class meeting. He/she agrees to attend ASB Senate meetings every Wednesday morning.

Section 2e: Class Activities Coordinator
The duties of the Class Activities Coordinator are as follows: to be in charge of planning class activities; to work with the Treasurer in planning fundraisers and to work closely with the ASB Activities Coordinator and Activities Director. He/she agrees to attend ASB Senate meetings every Wednesday morning.

Article IX: Order of Succession

Section 1: If the ASB or Class President is unavailable (due to impeachment, resignation, injury, vacation or any other case not aforementioned) the Vice President will take his/her place. If the Vice President were to become unavailable for any reason then the Secretary would take the job of President. If this were to be a long-term situation, the positions of Vice President and Secretary would be appointed (See Section 4).

Section 2: If the Vice President were to become unavailable and the President was still in office, the Secretary would keep his/her office and take over the office of Vice President. If this were a long-term arrangement, a new Secretary would be appointed (See Section 4).
Section 3: If any other officer were to become unavailable, that office would be filled by the process of application and appointment (See Section 4).

Section 4: The process of application and appointment is as follows: students that wish to fill the void in the student government would have to complete the application process. Applications would be reviewed by an election committee and voted upon by said committee. This committee will consist of the ASB Executive Board, one person from each class of the position being filled, and the ASB advisor. The ASB Advisor will not cast a vote in the committee.

Article X: Elections

Section 1: Elections for the subsequent school year are to take place no later than six (6) weeks prior to the end of the school year. Freshman elections will take place within the first four weeks of the first semester unless other plans have been made by the previous Executive Board and both houses of Congress. The Class elections will take place two weeks after ASB elections. Petitions for Class Congress will be available immediately following Class elections from the Activities Director.

Section 2a: Pack Time/SSR classes will hold elections the Tuesday after freshman elections to elect Pack Time/SSR Representatives, unless other plans have been made by the current Executive Cabinet. Second semester’s representatives will be elected on the first Tuesday of the new semester.

Section 2b: It is noted that prior to the 2004-2005 school year, Henry M. Jackson operated on a 4-period day, and representatives were elected from second period classes. A change was made to third period representation to best fit the new six-period day system. The Executive Board, along with the ASB Advisor and Administrators, may in the future change the period in which class representatives are elected in order to best correspond to any future scheduling system. Be it also noted that Pack Time/SSR, introduced to Henry M. Jackson in the 2006-2007 school year, falls just before third period, and representatives shall be selected from each Pack Time/SSR class.

Section 3: Executive Cabinet or Congress members may not be Pack Time/SSR representatives, but can report to their respective Pack Time/SSR class if the representative cannot.
Section 4: The Officer’s term begins the day following the last day of school. An officer’s term ends on the last day of school. An officer can hold the same position for up to four (4) terms. He/she must go through the election process each time. He/she can be elected to another office during elections and start serving their new term after they have completed one (1) to three (3) terms. No officer can hold more than one office at a time.

Section 5: The ASB Advisor will oversee the elections, but the election process will be conducted by the students.

Section 6: All campaign signs must be removed within 24 hours following an election. Signs may not be visible around the polling place on Election Day. The ASB Executive Board and both houses of Congress will levy a clean-up charge for each sign not removed within 24 hours following the election. Candidates are responsible for all signs and campaign materials bearing their name.

Section 7: In the event an election is compromised a) either due to a discrepancy in voter numbers and ballot numbers equaling 5% or more of total ballots cast; or b) due to excessive pressuring in support of a particular candidate by polling workers, a re-vote will be held. The re-vote for either ASB or Class elections will be held one (1) week after the original compromised election. Candidate speeches will not be held again, however candidates will be allowed to continue their campaign until the end of the day of the re-vote.

Article XI: Meetings

Senate

Section 1a: The Senate consists of the Executive Board, all Class Officers, and the appointed Class Congress members. The Senate meets every Thursday morning before school, but the Executive Board can cancel meetings due to a sparse agenda and call for more meetings if so required.

Section 1b: Quorum for the Senate is 4/7 of the Executive Board, 3/5 of Class Officers, and 5/10 Class Congress members. Leadership representatives do not vote, and only present to the Senate if they wish.

Section 1c: All new bills originate in the Senate. A bill will not pass if the number of abstentions could sway the vote either way; Should the number of abstentions exceed too many, the motion will be revisited. A motion must first be made to vote on a proposed bill, and then that motion must be seconded in order for a vote to take place in the Senate.
Section 1d: The Senate is heavy in debate. This allows for a review of all issues presented to the Senate. The Senate’s purpose is mainly that of a review board. Material and motions presented to the Senate are to be fine-tuned and deemed acceptable before approval, and any motion considered unacceptable, inappropriate, or inadequate should be voted down or modified.

Section 1e: If a bill is approved by the Senate, it is not yet final. Approval by the Senate only allows for that bill to be presented to and voted on by the House of Representatives.

House of Representatives

Section 2a: The House of Representatives consists of a representative from each Pack Time/SSR class and is presided over by the ASB Executive Board. It meets once a month during Pack Time/SSR. The Executive Board can call for more meetings if so required.

Section 2b: Quorum for the House of Representatives is 2/3 of all representatives from Pack Time/SSR classes. Leadership representatives do not vote, but must present to the House.

Section 2c: The House is where all bills are finalized. For a bill to be on the agenda for voting at the monthly House meeting it must have first been approved by the Senate. New bills are not introduced in the House. House members can attend Senate meetings and present or motion for a vote on a bill. However, they cannot vote in Senate meetings and House members cannot second a motion to vote on a bill in the Senate.

Section 2d: The ASB Executive Board runs the House meetings and presents to the House the bills that have already been approved by the Senate. Representatives of the motions (i.e. the presenters of new clubs, proposed recipients of funds, etc.) should also attend. After they have presented to the House, the Executive Board and representative of the bill or motion then answer all questions of House members.

Section 2e: If a motion is made (and seconded) to approve a bill, the House votes. If the motion is successfully approved, the bill is finalized. If it is struck down in the House, the bill fails. All attempts to re-present the bill with changes must start in the Senate.
Section 2f: After the House of Representatives meeting has adjourned, Pack Time/SSR representatives are to report back to their Pack Time/SSR classes and present to their classmates the following: The Class Reports, the Activities Report, and the general goings-on of their meeting and what was discussed and/or accomplished in that House meeting.

General

Section 3: The students must have at least two (2) days notice before a meeting is held except when an emergency meeting is called.

Section 4: Agendas will be in the following order:

- Call to Order
- Attendance
- Reading of Prior Minutes
- Class/Committee Reports (may be delivered in print)
- Activities Report (may be delivered in print)
- Treasurer’s Report (not required)
- Leadership Report (mandatory at House only)
- Old Business
- New Business
- Final Announcements
- Adjournments

Section 5a: If an officer has three (3) unexcused absences from Executive Board or Executive Cabinet meetings, or two (2) unexcused absences from Senate meetings, the following order of events will take place: a letter will be sent by the Executive Board informing the officer of his/her unexcused absences; the officer will be asked to respond in writing to the Executive Board, and at the acceptance of this letter the Executive Board will meet separately to review said letter; the Executive Board will then meet with the officer to discuss the response; the Executive Board will make a decision whether to proceed with impeachment; if the Executive Board decides to proceed with impeachment, their findings will be brought before the Senate and a vote will be taken. A 2/3 majority is necessary for impeachment.
Section 5b: Class Congress must consist of at least 10 members, but can consist of more. However, there are only 10 voting members of each Class Congress at each Senate meeting. If Class officers request certain members of their Class Congress to attend Senate or Class Congress meetings, and these members have two (2) unexcused absences from said Senate or Class Congress meetings, the Class officers will follow said process of above Section 5a (i.e. written responses and determination if the member should be removed) in order to see if said Congress member should be removed. However, the Senate will not vote on a Class Congress member’s removal. A 3/5 majority of said Class officers is needed to remove said Congress member. If the Congress still contains more than 10 members after a Congress member is removed, no new Congress member will be appointed. If the number of Class Congress members falls below 10 after the removal of a Congress member, a new Congress member will be appointed by the Class officers within two (2) weeks of the removal.

Section 5c: An unexcused absence will be hereafter known as follows: an absence taken without prior notice and reasonable cause given for the purpose of said absence to fellow officers, alternate representative, Executive Board or Congress.

Section 6: If a House member has an unexcused absence from a House meeting, they are to be warned of the consequences of missing another meeting. If a House member has two unexcused absences from House meetings, they are to be replaced by the alternate Pack Time/SSR representative from their class. A new alternate from said class is to be elected. The ASB Executive Board monitors absences and informs representatives of their removal.

Section 7: If an officer is to report to more than one meeting at the same time, the officer must follow this rank order of meetings:
- Executive Board
- Executive Cabinet
- Senate
- House of Representatives
- Class
- Activities

Article XII: Committees

Section 1: When a committee is needed, the Vice President will select a chairperson. The chairperson will then select the committee members.
**Article XIII: Clubs and Groups**

**Section 1:** If a club or group wishes to be recognized officially or use or have access to ASB funds, they must be approved by the ASB Executive Board and both houses of Congress. To become an official club, a petition must be filed with the ASB containing 25 student signatures. The petition must also contain a club constitution, a list of officers, and an advisor.

**Section 2:** A 50% + 1 majority is necessary by the Executive Board, the Senate, and House for a club to be recognized by the ASB.

**Section 3:** Clubs must inform the ASB Activities Coordinator, the ASB Vice President, and/or the ASB Secretary when their club meetings will take place.

**Section 4:** If a club or group disobeys school or district rules or regulations or does not meet the expectations of the ASB Executive Board, Cabinet, or either house of Congress, the ASB can immediately withdraw funds. *(See also Article XIV, Section 6 and 7).*

**Article XIV: Funds**

**Section 1:** If a club or group wishes the use of ASB funds, they must bring their proposed bill before the Executive Board. If the request exceeds $1,000.00, the Executive Board and both houses of Congress must approve the allocation of funds. Clubs and teams requesting funds from the ASB for state and national competitions may receive no more than one-third of the total cost from ASB.

**Section 2:** Funds cannot be used for personal gain. If funds are found missing, the Executive Board will immediately alert the Principal and/or his or her designee and the authorities. If someone is found guilty of using school funds for personal gain, or unauthorized usage of funds, that officer will immediately go before an impeachment committee and may face legal action.

**Section 3:** All officers must follow district and state policy regarding usage of school funds.

**Section 4:** All funds raised, distributed, or otherwise collected must be deposited into the ASB treasury.

**Section 5:** The budget planning for the ensuing year will begin in January of the preceding year. The budget committee shall consist of the current ASB President, the new ASB President, the ASB Treasurer, and the new ASB
Treasurer. Any other members of the Executive Cabinet can also be members of the budget committee, but it is not required. Adoption of the budget shall be the first order of business as the budget deadline approaches in April.

Section 6: At the beginning of each school year, each club must submit to the ASB Executive Board the names of their officers, advisor, and their meeting times. If a club does not submit this information by the beginning of second semester or does not meet regularly, the club is considered disbanded and any funds in the account of said club are removed (and the club’s account is closed) and placed into the ASB Reserve Account.

Section 7: Class accounts that remain open and contain funds for more than six (6) months after the graduation date of said Class will have their Class account closed and all funds from said account moved into the ASB Reserve Account.

Article XV: Code of Ethics

Section 1a: No officer or candidate for office can disobey any of the following rules:
- Cannot use illegal drugs
- Cannot use alcohol
- Cannot use tobacco products
- Cannot disobey any state or federal law
- Must follow all school rules
- Must have at least a 2.75 GPA
- Must attend three periods a day at Jackson
- Actions must positively represent Jackson student body

Section 1b: Members of Class Congress and House members cannot disobey any rules of above Section 1a, with the exception of “must have at least a 2.75 GPA.”

Section 2: All rules must be followed before, during, and after school.

Section 3a: If any officer is found in violation of any of these rules, he/she must immediately go before an impeachment committee. However: a) there are no grounds for impeachment if the state or federal law that is broken is the result of a minor traffic violation; and b) there are only grounds for impeachment if the school rule that is broken results in suspension or expulsion from school.

Section 3b: Any member of a Class Congress or a House member that is found in violation of these rules will go immediately before an impeachment
committee which will then consider said person’s removal from their respective governing position, or whether to issue a warning that will be recorded in the impeachment committee’s (Executive Board’s) minutes. A majority vote by the impeachment committee is needed to remove said member of Class Congress or the House of Representatives. The voids in these positions are filled by the process of application and appointment (See Article XVI, Section 2 or Article XI Section 5a and 5b).

Section 4: Class and ASB officers must attend ASB Leadership class during zero-hour on every school day.

**Article XVI: Resignation**

Section 1: If a member of the Executive Cabinet, Senate or House wishes to resign, he/she must submit a letter giving reasonable explanation two weeks before he/she wishes to leave their respective position.

Section 2: During the two weeks after the receipt of a letter indicating an member of the student government is resigning, the Executive Board must begin the process of appointing another official to fill the vacancy by the process of application and appointment. If a Class Officer resigns, an Election Committee will be formed (refer to Article IX, Section 4). If a Class Congress member resigns, that class’ respective officers are responsible for finding a replacement through their proper method. If a House member resigns, the alternate takes his/her place and a new alternate is elected from their respective Pack Time/SSR class.

**Article XVII: Impeachment**

**Impeachment by Committee**

Section 1: If a member of the Executive Board, Cabinet, or either House of Congress is found in violation of this Constitution (unless the violation or member involved has another process assigned to that situation that is previously been addressed in this Constitution) he/she shall go immediately before an impeachment committee, which has been appointed by the Executive Board.

Section 2: The impeachment committee must include the Principal, and/or his/her designee, the ASB Advisor and the Executive Board.

Section 3: After the impeachment committee meets with said member and their findings affirm their knowledge of a Constitutional violation, the voting members of the impeachment committee (i.e. all members of the committee except
the Principal and/or his/her designee, and the ASB Advisor) will vote on whether on not to impeach the said member should be removed from office. If the findings of the committee affirm a Constitutional violation, the committee shall vote to impeach the said member. A majority vote of the committee is needed to remove the said member from office.

Impeachment by Students

Section 4: If the students wish to have a representative or official impeached, they must submit probable cause as to why the official or representative should be impeached and outline the steps they have taken thus far. They should give this information to the Senate or the House. If the Senate or House agrees to it by a majority vote of more than 2/3, it is then forwarded to the Executive Cabinet. If they agree to it by a majority vote of more than 2/3, then an impeachment committee shall review the case.

Section 5: If a member of the Executive Cabinet is impeached or resigns due to an impeachable offense, he/she will be unable to run for any office in the Executive Cabinet for one (1) year after the date of the resignation or impeachment.

Article XVIII: Power of the Principal

Section 1: The Principal has the power to override any decision made by the Executive Cabinet and both houses of Congress with the exception of budgetary matters.

Article XIX: Revisions

Section 1: This Constitution must be reviewed and changed, if needed, for the first three (3) years [1995, 1996, 1997].

Section 2: The Constitution must be reviewed every four (4) years after 1997 and changed if needed.

Section 3: All amendments to this Constitution must be approved by a 3/4 majority of the Executive Board and both houses of Congress.